Acknowledgments

September, 2015

One Voice for Volusia gratefully acknowledges and appreciates everyone who volunteered their time, offered expertise and/or financially supported the Community Agenda initiative. This document was created for use by all residents of Flagler and Volusia Counties, Florida.

Appreciation is extended to the One Voice for Volusia Board of Directors for their oversight and guidance of the Community Agenda initiative. Additionally, the strong support of the Florida Department of Health in Volusia County, the County of Volusia, United Way of Volusia-Flagler Counties, and Bank of America have continued to make this initiative possible.

One Voice for Volusia is grateful that the Board of Directors and the financial supporters listed above and on page three recognize the tremendous value and impact of the Community Agenda Snapshot for its ability to assess our past and assist with setting goals for the future through data.

Please visit www.agendavf.org for details about community involvement and financial support.

Information about the Community Agenda Snapshot is available from:

One Voice for Volusia  
160 North Beach Street  
Daytona Beach, FL 32114  
Phone: 386-947-8301  
Fax: 386-675-1467  
Email: office@agendavf.org  
Website: www.agendavf.org
Financial Supporters

The Community Agenda Snapshot was financially supported in 2014-15 by the local agencies and businesses featured below. Sincere appreciation is extended to each of these organizations for their commitment to their community through their support of the Community Agenda initiative and for the services they provide each day to the Flagler and Volusia County community.

Sustaining Partners

Philanthropic Sponsors ($5,000)

Community Supporters

Bethune-Cookman University
Council on Aging of Volusia County
Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University
Florida Hospital Memorial Medical Center
Healthy Start Coalition of Flagler and Volusia Counties
Stewart-Marchman-Act Behavioral Healthcare
The House Next Door
Volusia/Flagler Family YMCA
The Process

One Voice for Volusia advocates for efficient use of resources and data-driven outcomes, and promotes system and community improvements by fostering diverse partnerships in the health and human services field. One Voice for Volusia is a neutral convener, engaging leaders, organizations and individuals to develop and implement strategies to improve the community.

One Voice for Volusia’s Mission: Through collaboration One Voice for Volusia mobilizes all sectors of the community by strengthening our organized capacity to meet human needs.

The earliest phase of the Community Agenda began in 2004 during the strategic planning process of One Voice for Volusia, when the Coalition identified the need to connect existing organizations in the area. A meeting was convened with key representatives from 26 area groups to explore collaborative efforts. The concept was presented at a formal meeting in February, 2005, attracting 75 community leaders. The outcome reached by consensus: to improve local health and human services through the creation of a Community Agenda. For the process timeline, the Community Agenda organizational structure and framework, and other details please visit www.agendavf.org.

The Data

Selecting the Indicators

Data indicators are reviewed annually by staff and volunteers. Each year, the number of indicators or specific type of indicator may change based on the data source. There remain some limitations in selecting the recommended data resulting in “missing” indicators. However, the same criteria apply to all data indicators included in the Community Agenda Snapshot. For additional details please visit www.agendavf.org.

The data must be…

✓ Available ANNUALLY.
✓ AVAILABLE and from a CREDIBLE public or private source.
✓ STABLE and RELIABLE.
  Is it consistently collected, compiled, and calculated the same way each year?
✓ CLEAR. Per-person rates vs. raw numbers.
✓ UNDERSTANDABLE.
✓ USEFUL. Does this data assess progress toward desired changes and offer direction for additional research, planning, advocacy and action toward community changes?
✓ MEANINGFUL. Does it provide valuable information that helps community members to understand important aspects of the community?
✓ RELEVANT. Does it measure an aspect of the community concerning positive change through public decision making and action?
✓ REPRESENTATIVE. Does it represent major dimensions of our Focus Area Visions for improvement?
✓ IMPORTANT. Do we agree that it is important in relation to our Focus Area Visions?

For a further explanation of how to read the data and the types of data, please visit www.agendavf.org.
Executive Summary

The Community Agenda Snapshot is the result of hundreds of volunteers committed to making Volusia and Flagler Counties a better place to live, work and play. The motivation behind this work is to create a data-based picture of health and social service trends and conditions – to be reviewed, revised and updated every year. This initiative is a long-term process, community-shaped and community-driven, to fulfill the goal of the initiative.

The Goal of the Initiative: To engage the community by examining data and establishing priorities to improve local health and human services.

Special Reports: This section includes data describing the contribution of information and referral services, public transportation and poverty to our quality of life. Each of these three factors has an impact on access to services and is an important consideration for improving well-being.

One-Year Data: Presented here are over 150 data elements describing community characteristics for each county and, usually, correlating statewide data for consideration as a benchmark. These community characteristics are reported for the most recent year available for each data element.

Five-Year Trend Data: The heart of the Snapshot features 46 unduplicated data indicators displayed as three- to five-year trends in charts using a bar graph format. The original core of indicators was identified and recommended by nearly 200 community members prior to the first publication. Annually, indicators are reviewed for relevance and may be replaced by other indicators as they become available and, frequently, in response to community requests.

Using This Report: This report is to be used as a tool for opening conversations. It is the beginning statement – not the final word about the issues represented here. Hopefully, it will also contribute to a better understanding of social issues and lead to the bigger question of “why”. This report can be used to educate and to monitor trends specific to our area as well as compare ourselves to ourselves over time. Most importantly, it can aid planning, policy, funding, and other decision making by exploring ways to improve the wide range of social service and health conditions in our area.

Acknowledgements: Finally, and most significantly, the Snapshot acknowledges and appreciates the financial supporters and community representatives who dedicate fiscal resources, staff expertise and personal dedication to the initiative.
A Look at Flagler County

Flagler County was home to 99,956 individuals in 2013. There were approximately 19% under 18 years of age and about 28% who were 65 years and older.1 The largest city in Flagler County is Palm Coast with an estimated population of over 78,000.1

The 2013 median household income in Flagler County was $46,055.1 The Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Bureau of Labor Market Statistics, reported that 39,887 of the 43,115 identified as in the civilian labor force were employed in 2014 resulting in an annual unemployment rate of 7.5%.

Total public school enrollment (grades preK-12) decreased slightly to 12,374 in December 2014.2

Flagler County Cities
- Beverly Beach
- Bunnell *
- Flagler Beach
- Marineland
- Palm Coast

* County Seat

Top 5 Industries in Flagler County 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Employees</th>
<th>Average Weekly Wage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Retail Trade</td>
<td>3,411</td>
<td>$498</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation &amp; Food Services</td>
<td>3,043</td>
<td>$315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care &amp; Social Assistance</td>
<td>2,421</td>
<td>$854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Admin., Support, Waste Mgmt., Remediation</td>
<td>1,671</td>
<td>$574</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education Services*</td>
<td>1,622</td>
<td>not available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Data is for public education PreK-12 full-time staff only.

2015 Estimated Flagler County Age Distribution
(All Races, All Sexes) Source: Florida CHARTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 5</td>
<td>5,139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>5,585</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>6,112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>5,805</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-34</td>
<td>15,765</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-54</td>
<td>24,599</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-74</td>
<td>31,812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75-84</td>
<td>8,418</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85+</td>
<td>2,858</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Reported Races in Flagler County are 1:
- White: 82.2%
- Black/African-American: 10.0%
- American Indian & Alaska Native: 0.2%
- Asian: 2.7%
- Other: 2.4%
- Two or more races: 2.6%

Reported Ethnicities are 1:
- Not Hispanic or Latino: 90.6%
- Hispanic or Latino: 9.4%

Sources, pages 6-7
1 – 2013 American Community Survey
2 – Florida Department of Education
3 – Florida Research & Economic Information Database Application (FREIDA)
   (4th quarter 2014)
Community Agenda Snapshot

A Look at Volusia County

In 2013, Volusia County’s population increased to 500,800. Slightly more than 18% of the population was under 18 years and approximately 23% were 65 years and older. Volusia County is geographically separated into east and west, and in some areas almost literally divided by wetlands. The city of Deltona, on the west, is the largest in population (over 86,000) and Daytona Beach, on the east, ranks second (over 62,000).

The 2013 median household income was $40,919. The Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Bureau of Labor Market Statistics, reported that 223,228 of the 239,225 identified as in the labor force were employed in 2014 resulting in an annual unemployment rate of 6.7%.

In December, 2014, total public school enrollment (PreK-12) in Volusia County increased slightly to 61,776.

Volusia County Cities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>City</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Daytona Beach</td>
<td>New Smyrna Beach</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daytona Beach Shores</td>
<td>Oak Hill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeBary</td>
<td>Orange City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeLand *</td>
<td>Ormond Beach</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltona</td>
<td>Ponce Inlet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgewater</td>
<td>Port Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holly Hill</td>
<td>South Daytona</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* County Seat

Top 5 Industries in Volusia County

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Employees</th>
<th>Average Weekly Wage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health Care &amp; Social Assistance</td>
<td>28,165</td>
<td>$893</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail Trade</td>
<td>24,432</td>
<td>$512</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation &amp; Food Services</td>
<td>19,797</td>
<td>$322</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education Services</td>
<td>15,824</td>
<td>$731</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>9,709</td>
<td>$977</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2015 Estimated Volusia County Age Distribution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 5</td>
<td>24,742</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>25,955</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-14</td>
<td>26,977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-19</td>
<td>27,696</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-34</td>
<td>87,139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-54</td>
<td>121,828</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55-74</td>
<td>140,534</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75-84</td>
<td>36,284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85+</td>
<td>16,478</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Reported Races in Volusia County are:

- White: 82.9%
- Black/African-American: 10.1%
- American Indian & Alaska Native: 0.2%
- Asian: 1.7%
- Other: 2.8%
- Two or more races: 2.2%

Reported Ethnicities are:

- Not Hispanic or Latino: 88.0%
- Hispanic or Latino: 12.0%
Information & Referral

All citizens should have access to the 2-1-1 phone number, staffed by trained Information Specialists at United Way; this number utilizes a comprehensive database and is connected to the state and national 2-1-1 movement. Calls to 2-1-1 are answered 24 hours each and every day. This database is also available online at www.211live.org. This online database of community services is interactive and searchable.

In recent years, calls to 2-1-1 have increased locally and statewide. The reasons for calls to 2-1-1 have been tracked in a consistent manner since 2008 and below are the top five reasons for calls for the past three years.

Top Five Reasons for Calls to 2-1-1 (by percentage)

In Flagler County, the top five reasons for calls changed significantly from 2012 to 2013 and showed little change between 2013 and 2014. “Income Support & Assistance” is the number one reason for calls in 2014. “Information services” was number two and “Food & Meals” and “Housing & Utilities” are nearly tied for third and fourth respectively. Calls for “Health Care” increased in 2013 replacing “Individual, Family & Community Support” which dropped out of the top five. Calls for “Health Care” remained number five in 2014.

In Volusia County, there was significant change from 2012 in the number one reason for calls. “Income Support & Assistance” became number one in 2013 and 2014 rising from number four in 2012. Previously at number one, “Housing & Utilities” fell to number three in 2014. “Information services” stayed at number two for all three years. “Food & Meals” ranked number four in 2014 followed by “Health Care” at number five.

Transportation

Access to transportation and mobility is essential and, sometimes, even critical. Public transportation is important to all of us and, for some, the only option available. Consequently, health and human service professionals need to be equipped to assist clients and individuals seeking transportation. Issues related to mobility cross all generations and abilities. Included here is a snapshot of transportation utilization in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

SERVING THE TRANSPORTATION DISADVANTAGED

Public transportation for the Transportation Disadvantaged is provided by Flagler County Public Transportation in Flagler County and Votran in Volusia County. Votran offers Gold Service (door-to-door) for non-Medicaid individuals and all “fixed route” buses are fully accessible. MV Transportation provides non-emergency transportation to Volusia County Medicaid-eligible residents.

In 2014, Flagler saw an increase in passenger trips of 4.4% and Volusia saw an decrease of -7.8%. Flagler had its largest increase, 73.6%, in Life-Sustaining/Other trips with the largest decrease, -9.6%, in Nutritional trips. Volusia’s largest increase was 3.0% for Nutritional trips with the largest decrease, -13.2%, for Life-Sustaining/Other trips.

Table #1: Passenger Trips by Trip Purpose

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Medical</th>
<th>Employment</th>
<th>Education/Training/Adult Daycare</th>
<th>Nutritional</th>
<th>Life-Sustaining/Other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td>20,799*</td>
<td>20,678</td>
<td>28,807</td>
<td>17,836</td>
<td>9,875</td>
<td>97,995*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td>166,613**</td>
<td>66,279</td>
<td>145,181</td>
<td>12,284</td>
<td>335,315</td>
<td>725,672**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Flagler data includes 5,658 Medicaid trips (all Medicaid trips were Medical trips)
**Volusia data excludes Medicaid trips (all Medicaid trips were Medical trips)

Table #2: Trips by Type of Passenger

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Elderly</th>
<th>Children</th>
<th>Low Income</th>
<th>Disabled</th>
<th>Low Income/Disabled</th>
<th>Other</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td>48,997</td>
<td>4,900</td>
<td>2,205</td>
<td>1,323</td>
<td>7,056</td>
<td>33,514</td>
<td>97,995*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td>300,404</td>
<td>189,604</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>233,447</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>2,217</td>
<td>725,672**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Flagler data includes 5,658 Medicaid trips (Medicaid trips were either Low Income or Low Income/Disabled)
**Volusia data excludes Medicaid trips (Medicaid trips were either Low Income or Low Income/Disabled)

Note: 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800. Source: 2013 American Community Survey
Poverty

The effects of poverty and its prevalence account for numerous issues facing our community today. Research shows that children from low-income families are at greater risk of poor and/or failing grades in school, inadequate health insurance coverage and even lack of primary health care. They are also more likely to engage in unhealthy behavior.

INDICATORS OF POVERTY

Included in this section are just a few of the readily available indicators which address the significance of the household income levels in our community.

Flagler’s median household income increased approximately 7.5% from 2013 to 2014. At the same time, Volusia’s median household income increased 2.0% with Florida increasing 2.2%.

Chart #1 shows the percent of income and benefits distributed by four income brackets.

CHART #2: Living Hourly Wage-2014

As an additional reference, the living hourly wage is illustrated in Chart #2. The website was updated in 2014 with the most recent Living Hourly Wage calculations.

Flagler and Volusia Counties Combined

Top 3 Occupations by Number of Jobs with 2014 Median Hourly Earnings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Jobs</th>
<th>Earnings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Retail Salespersons</td>
<td>7,495</td>
<td>$9.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Cashiers</td>
<td>5,729</td>
<td>$9.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Waiter/Waitress</td>
<td>5,229</td>
<td>$8.99</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Top 3 Fastest Growing Occupations by Percent of Change with 2014 Median Hourly Earnings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Occupation</th>
<th>Change</th>
<th>Earnings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cooks, Restaurant</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>$10.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Landscape/Groundkeeping</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>$11.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Waiter/Waitress</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>$8.99</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sources: Pages 10-11:
1 U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 FactFinder
2 Poverty In America
3 Center for Business Excellence
5 U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey
6 CareerSource Flagler Volusia
THE POVERTY LINE

Many local programs, such as free/reduced lunch program available in the school systems, use the percentage of poverty as the measure to determine program eligibility. The poverty guidelines are updated by the federal government each year, in order to accommodate for inflation, and varies by the size of the household with relationship to personal income. The 2015 federal poverty guidelines are shown at right.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number in Household</th>
<th>Annual Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$11,770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$15,930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$20,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$24,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$28,410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$32,570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$36,730</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$40,890</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Flagler 2013 median household income was $46,055. In 2015, it takes $47,178.12 to have the same buying power.

The Volusia 2013 median household income was $40,919. In 2015, it takes $41,916.87 to have the same buying power.

HOUSING

Housing ownership can be an indicator of economic stability and commitment to the quality of life in a community. It can provide security and strengthen community connections. These connections can also help reduce risk factors for families with children.

In 2013, the percentage of owner-occupied housing was higher in both Flagler and Volusia Counties than Florida statewide. However, the percentage of occupied housing units was lower locally. In Flagler, 52.5% have mortgages and 18.4% of those have additional home loans. In Volusia, 57.6% of homeowners have a mortgage and 16.8% of those have a second mortgage or home equity loan. For renter-occupied housing, rent can consume a significant amount of household income.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOTAL HOUSING UNITS</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>48,990</td>
<td>254,238</td>
<td>9,047,973</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupied Housing Units</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>72.5%</td>
<td>78.7%</td>
<td>79.7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Owner-occupied</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>83.3%</td>
<td>68.6%</td>
<td>64.8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Renter-occupied</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>31.4%</td>
<td>35.2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vacant Housing Units</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27.5%</td>
<td>21.3%</td>
<td>20.3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Owner-occupied Units with a mortgage</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>52.5%</td>
<td>57.6%</td>
<td>59.2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Owner-occupied Units with a second mortgage or home equity loan</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18.4%</td>
<td>16.8%</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GROSS RENT as a percentage of household income (GRAPI)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Occupied Units Paying Rent*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.0 to 29.9 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.0 to 34.9 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35.0 percent or more</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*excluding units where GRAPI cannot be computed

Note: 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800. Source: 2013 American Community Survey
POPULATION Trends

Total (All Ages) Population Trends

- Flagler General Population
- Volusia General Population

Under Age 5 Population Trends

- Flagler Under 5 Population
- Volusia Under 5 Population

Under Age 18 Population Trends

- Flagler Under 18 Population
- Volusia Under 18 Population

Sources: Florida CHARTS, Florida Legislature’s Office of Economic and Demographic Research Population Estimates

www.agendavf.org
Community Characteristics

POPULATION Trends

Ages 18 through 64 Population Trends

Flagler 18 - 64 Population

Volusia 18 - 64 Population

Ages 65 and Over Population Trends

Flagler 65+ Population

Volusia 65+ Population

Public School Student Enrollment Trends

Flagler Public School PreK-12 Student Enrollment

Volusia Public School PreK-12 Student Enrollment

## POPULATION 2013

### Flagler County Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beverly Beach</td>
<td>336</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bunnell</td>
<td>2,741</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flagler Beach</td>
<td>4,655</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Volusia County Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Daytona Beach</td>
<td>62,316</td>
<td>12.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daytona Beach Shores</td>
<td>4,296</td>
<td>0.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeBary</td>
<td>19,447</td>
<td>3.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deltona</td>
<td>86,290</td>
<td>17.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgewater</td>
<td>20,938</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holly Hill</td>
<td>11,679</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lake Helen</td>
<td>2,624</td>
<td>0.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Smyrna Beach</td>
<td>23,230</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Population by Age (% of Total Population)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Population</td>
<td>99,956</td>
<td>500,800</td>
<td>19,552,860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 18 years</td>
<td>18,726</td>
<td>91,233</td>
<td>4,028,730</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 5 years</td>
<td>4,374</td>
<td>23,563</td>
<td>1,074,049</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 to 17 years</td>
<td>14,352</td>
<td>67,670</td>
<td>2,954,681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-14 years</td>
<td>10,734</td>
<td>50,709</td>
<td>2,252,315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-17 years</td>
<td>3,618</td>
<td>16,961</td>
<td>702,366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-64</td>
<td>53,395</td>
<td>294,775</td>
<td>11,879,847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 to 19 years</td>
<td>4,103</td>
<td>12,573</td>
<td>493,791</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 34 years</td>
<td>12,334</td>
<td>85,172</td>
<td>3,738,729</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 to 49 years</td>
<td>15,999</td>
<td>85,350</td>
<td>3,731,366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 64 years</td>
<td>20,959</td>
<td>111,680</td>
<td>3,915,961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 +</td>
<td>27,835</td>
<td>114,792</td>
<td>3,644,283</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 to 84 years</td>
<td>24,697</td>
<td>98,150</td>
<td>3,148,188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85 years and over</td>
<td>3,138</td>
<td>16,642</td>
<td>496,095</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey unless otherwise noted

1 U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: July 1, 2013

*Calculated by subtracting total of city populations from county population

Note: Percentages may not always add up to 100% due to rounding.

Note: Population age groups may not add up due to data from Census counts and Census estimates.
## Community Characteristics

### POPULATION 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population by Gender</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (% of Total Population)</td>
<td>46,340</td>
<td>46.4%</td>
<td>242,884</td>
<td>48.5%</td>
<td>9,565,609</td>
<td>48.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0-17 (% of 0-17)</td>
<td>9,250</td>
<td>49.4%</td>
<td>46,148</td>
<td>50.6%</td>
<td>2,066,258</td>
<td>51.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-64 (% of 18-64)</td>
<td>24,112</td>
<td>45.2%</td>
<td>145,478</td>
<td>49.4%</td>
<td>5,866,572</td>
<td>49.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+ (% of 65+)</td>
<td>12,978</td>
<td>46.6%</td>
<td>51,258</td>
<td>44.7%</td>
<td>1,632,779</td>
<td>44.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (% of Total Population)</td>
<td>53,616</td>
<td>53.6%</td>
<td>257,916</td>
<td>51.5%</td>
<td>9,987,251</td>
<td>51.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0-17 (% of 0-17)</td>
<td>9,476</td>
<td>50.6%</td>
<td>45,085</td>
<td>49.4%</td>
<td>1,962,472</td>
<td>48.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-64 (% of 18-64)</td>
<td>29,283</td>
<td>54.8%</td>
<td>149,297</td>
<td>50.6%</td>
<td>6,013,275</td>
<td>50.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+ (% of 65+)</td>
<td>14,857</td>
<td>53.4%</td>
<td>63,534</td>
<td>55.3%</td>
<td>2,011,504</td>
<td>55.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population by Race (% of Total Population)</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White alone</td>
<td>82,129</td>
<td>82.2%</td>
<td>415,239</td>
<td>82.9%</td>
<td>14,897,782</td>
<td>76.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African-American alone</td>
<td>9,949</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
<td>50,718</td>
<td>10.1%</td>
<td>3,141,552</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native alone</td>
<td>179*</td>
<td>0.2%*</td>
<td>1,208</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>50,379</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian alone</td>
<td>2,737</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
<td>8,477</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>509,588</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander alone</td>
<td>0*</td>
<td>0.0%*</td>
<td>194*</td>
<td>0.0%*</td>
<td>8,241</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some other race alone</td>
<td>2,350*</td>
<td>2.4%*</td>
<td>14,115*</td>
<td>2.8%*</td>
<td>486,005</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or more races</td>
<td>2,612*</td>
<td>2.6%*</td>
<td>10,849*</td>
<td>2.2%*</td>
<td>459,313</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Population by Ethnicity</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino (% of Total Population)</td>
<td>9,435*</td>
<td>9.4%*</td>
<td>59,941*</td>
<td>12.0%*</td>
<td>4,619,316</td>
<td>23.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Population 5 years and over:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spanish spoken at home</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>15,403</td>
<td>3.2%</td>
<td>1,645,913</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speak English less than “very well”***</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>2,144*</td>
<td>0.4%*</td>
<td>325,295</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Indo-European languages spoken at home</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>2,520*</td>
<td>0.5%*</td>
<td>124,129</td>
<td>0.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speak English less than “very well”****</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>1,262*</td>
<td>0.3%*</td>
<td>28,881</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Population Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women of child-bearing age,15-50 (% of Total Pop)</td>
<td>19,628</td>
<td>19.6%</td>
<td>103,610</td>
<td>20.7%</td>
<td>4,464,346</td>
<td>22.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Births1</td>
<td>783</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,632</td>
<td></td>
<td>212,194</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group Quarters Population (% of Total Pop)</td>
<td>499*</td>
<td>0.5%*</td>
<td>10,406*</td>
<td>2.1%*</td>
<td>425,880*</td>
<td>2.2%*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population of Veterans (% of 18+)</td>
<td>11,890</td>
<td>14.6%</td>
<td>51,732</td>
<td>12.6%</td>
<td>1,455,002</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sources: U.S. Census, 2013 American Community Survey unless otherwise noted

Florida CHARTS

(Group Quarters include correctional facilities, medical facilities, college dormitories, and similar quarters)

*Items have a large margin of error.

**See glossary at www.agendavf.org for definition of speak English less than “very well”, percentage of total households.

Note: Percentages may not always add up to 100% due to rounding.
## Persons with Disabilities 2013

### Community Characteristics

(Civilian, Non-institutionalized Population)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Children &amp; Youth Under Age 18</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children Under 18 with a Disability (%) of children under 18 years</td>
<td>1,432*</td>
<td>7.6%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,418*</td>
<td>2.7%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>167,510</td>
<td>4.2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adults Age 18 - 64</strong></td>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Florida</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Population, 18 to 64</td>
<td>53,395</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td>294,775</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td>11,879,847</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population 18 to 64 with Any Disability (%) of ages 18-64</td>
<td>8,276*</td>
<td>15.5%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>37,699*</td>
<td>12.9%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,196,475</td>
<td>10.3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with One Type of Disability (%) of ages 18-64</td>
<td>4,830*</td>
<td>9.1%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>17,051*</td>
<td>5.8%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>648,643</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with Two or More Types of Disabilities (%) of ages 18-64</td>
<td>3,446*</td>
<td>6.5%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>20,648*</td>
<td>7.1%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>547,832</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adults Age 65 +</strong></td>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Florida</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With One Type of Disability (%) of ages 65+</td>
<td>3,683*</td>
<td>13.3%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>19,254*</td>
<td>17.2%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>576,822</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Two or More Disabilities (%) of ages 65+</td>
<td>4,291*</td>
<td>15.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td>21,026</td>
<td>18.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td>643,103</td>
<td>18.0%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With No Disability (%) of ages 65+</td>
<td>19,635</td>
<td>71.1%</td>
<td></td>
<td>71,883</td>
<td>64.1%</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,358,472</td>
<td>65.9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disability Characteristics</strong> (%) of ages 18 to 64</td>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Florida</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with a hearing difficulty (%)</td>
<td>1,610*</td>
<td>3.0%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>6,515</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td></td>
<td>210,779</td>
<td>1.8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with a vision difficulty (%)</td>
<td>890*</td>
<td>1.7%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>7,663*</td>
<td>2.6%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>232,994</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with a cognitive difficulty (%)</td>
<td>2,755*</td>
<td>5.2%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>18,151</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td></td>
<td>482,496</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with an ambulatory difficulty (%)</td>
<td>4,464*</td>
<td>8.4%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>21,015</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td></td>
<td>626,300</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with a self-care difficulty (%)</td>
<td>2,019*</td>
<td>3.8%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>7,728</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td></td>
<td>219,003</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with an independent living difficulty (%)</td>
<td>2,765*</td>
<td>5.2%*</td>
<td></td>
<td>16,220</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td></td>
<td>424,147</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Sources: U.S. Census, 2013 American Community Survey*

*These items have a large margin of error

**These numbers may be duplicative.

Note: Percentages may not always add up to 100% due to rounding.

Note: 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800. Source: 2013 American Community Survey
## Community Characteristics

### ELDERLY 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Elderly Population – Age 60+</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Population – All Ages</td>
<td>99,956</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>500,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60+ Population (% of Total Population)</td>
<td>34,848</td>
<td>34.9%</td>
<td>152,629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male (% of 60+)</td>
<td>16,105</td>
<td>46.2%</td>
<td>70,289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female (% of 60+)</td>
<td>18,743</td>
<td>53.8%</td>
<td>82,340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 + Population (% of Total Population)</td>
<td>27,835</td>
<td>27.8%</td>
<td>114,792</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 to 84 years Population (% of Total Population)</td>
<td>16,655</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>63,476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85 years and over Population (% of Total Population)</td>
<td>3,138</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>16,462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+ Living Alone (% of 65+ Population)</td>
<td>5,264</td>
<td>18.9%</td>
<td>30,836</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60+ Living with Their Grandchildren(^1) (under age 18) (% of 60+ Population)</td>
<td>1,227</td>
<td>3.6%</td>
<td>5,089</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60+ Responsible for Their Grandchildren(^1) (under age 18) (% of 60+ Population)</td>
<td>426</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>2,020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Households with Cost Burden above 30% and Income Below 60% Area Median Income (65+) (2010)(^1)</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elder Households (% of All Households)</td>
<td>14,039</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
<td>69,667</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Medicaid Eligibility(^1) (with Medicare)</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual Eligibilities – All Ages</td>
<td>2,556</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>19,514</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual Eligibilities – 60+ (% of Dual Eligibilities – All Ages)</td>
<td>1,603</td>
<td>62.7%</td>
<td>12,734</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sources: 2013 American Community Survey unless otherwise noted
\(^1\)Florida Department of Elder Affairs 2014 Projected
Note: Percentages may not always add up to 100% due to rounding.

Note: 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800. Source: 2013 American Community Survey
## Household Characteristics (as of Total Households)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Households (with or without children)</td>
<td>35,509</td>
<td>200,107</td>
<td>7,197,943</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Households</td>
<td>24,943</td>
<td>122,553</td>
<td>4,626,388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married Couples</td>
<td>20,450</td>
<td>90,389</td>
<td>3,334,383</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male Householder</td>
<td>1,276*</td>
<td>9,222</td>
<td>335,618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female Householder</td>
<td>3,217</td>
<td>22,942</td>
<td>956,387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Households with children</td>
<td>8,758</td>
<td>45,686</td>
<td>1,995,192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married Couples</td>
<td>6,022</td>
<td>26,093</td>
<td>1,200,384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male Householder</td>
<td>851*</td>
<td>5,586</td>
<td>175,729</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female Householder</td>
<td>1,855</td>
<td>13,394</td>
<td>596,096</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Households with one or more persons 65 years or older</td>
<td>17,285</td>
<td>77,767</td>
<td>2,443,727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Households with one or more persons with a disability</td>
<td>11,611</td>
<td>58,398</td>
<td>1,871,617</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Community Nonfamily Characteristics (as of Total Households)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nonfamily households</td>
<td>10,566</td>
<td>77,554</td>
<td>2,585,196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Householder living alone</td>
<td>8,780</td>
<td>63,252</td>
<td>2,113,720</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Community Economic Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number in Labor Force (2013)</td>
<td>44,111</td>
<td>235,657</td>
<td>9,473,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number in Labor Force, Age 60+ (% of Labor Force)</td>
<td>5,074</td>
<td>31,175</td>
<td>1,153,213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number employed (2013) (% of Labor Force)</td>
<td>40,396</td>
<td>216,621</td>
<td>8,783,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number Employed, Age 60+ (% of Total Employed)</td>
<td>5,103</td>
<td>28,665</td>
<td>1,069,382</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children with all parents in the labor force (% of Total Children)</td>
<td>12,164</td>
<td>54,347</td>
<td>2,649,503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Hourly Wage (2nd quarter 2013)</td>
<td>$15.23</td>
<td>$17.35</td>
<td>$20.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median Household Income</td>
<td>$46,055</td>
<td>$40,919</td>
<td>$46,036</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median Earnings (wage or salary income)</td>
<td>$25,495</td>
<td>$25,206</td>
<td>$26,873</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male, full time, year-round</td>
<td>$38,758</td>
<td>$37,069</td>
<td>$40,809</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female, full time, year-round</td>
<td>$35,587</td>
<td>$31,459</td>
<td>$34,419</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source:* U.S. Census, 2013 American Community Survey unless otherwise noted

1Florida Research and Economic Information Database Application (FREIDA)

Note: 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800. *Source: 2013 American Community Survey*
### Community Education Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Education Characteristics</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School Enrollment – Public and Private PreK-graduate school (Population Age 3+)</td>
<td>21,561</td>
<td></td>
<td>107,388</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,643,948</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Nursery School, Preschool (Pop. Age 3+, % of Total Enrollment)</td>
<td>995*</td>
<td>4.6%*</td>
<td>5,249</td>
<td>4.9%</td>
<td>287,571</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Nursery School, Preschool (Pop. Age 3+, % of Preschool Enrollment)</td>
<td>644*</td>
<td>64.7%*</td>
<td>3,125*</td>
<td>59.5%*</td>
<td>161,170</td>
<td>56.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private Nursery School, Preschool (Pop. Age 3+, % of Preschool Enrollment)</td>
<td>351*</td>
<td>35.3%*</td>
<td>2,124*</td>
<td>40.5%*</td>
<td>126,401</td>
<td>44.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total K-12 (Pop. Age 3+, % of Total Enrollment)</td>
<td>14,928</td>
<td>69.2%</td>
<td>66,018</td>
<td>61.5%</td>
<td>2,994,873</td>
<td>64.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public K-12 (Population Age 3+, % of K-12 Enrollment)</td>
<td>13,752</td>
<td>92.1%</td>
<td>61,217</td>
<td>92.7%</td>
<td>2,656,583</td>
<td>88.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private K-12 (Population Age 3+, % of K-12 Enrollment)</td>
<td>1,176*</td>
<td>7.9%*</td>
<td>4,801*</td>
<td>7.3%*</td>
<td>338,290</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total College, Graduate or Professional School (Pop. Age 3+, % of Total Enrollment)</td>
<td>5,638*</td>
<td>26.1%*</td>
<td>36,121</td>
<td>33.6%</td>
<td>1,361,504</td>
<td>29.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public College, Graduate or Professional School (Pop. Age 3+, % of College Enrollment)</td>
<td>4,425</td>
<td>78.5%</td>
<td>25,752</td>
<td>71.3%</td>
<td>1,024,849</td>
<td>75.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private College, Graduate or Professional School (Pop. Age 3+, % of College Enrollment)</td>
<td>1,213*</td>
<td>21.5%*</td>
<td>10,369</td>
<td>28.7%</td>
<td>336,655</td>
<td>24.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students with Exceptionalities Public School Enrollment PreK-121 (Fall 2012)</td>
<td>1,971</td>
<td>15.5%</td>
<td>12,990</td>
<td>21.0%</td>
<td>518,407</td>
<td>18.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School Graduate or Higher (Population 25 years +)</td>
<td>91.3%</td>
<td></td>
<td>89.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td>86.8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor’s Degree or Higher (Population 25 years +)</td>
<td>20.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td>21.4%</td>
<td></td>
<td>27.2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Other Youth-related Community Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Other Youth-related Community Characteristics</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Care Capacity May 20142 (through age 12 years)</td>
<td>2,867</td>
<td></td>
<td>21,918</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not Relevant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teen Licensed Drivers – Ages 15 to 173 (1/1/2015)</td>
<td>1,781</td>
<td></td>
<td>7,678</td>
<td></td>
<td>325,264</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: U.S. Census, 2013 American Community Survey unless otherwise noted
1 Florida Department of Education, as of 12/20/14
2 Early Learning Coalition of Flagler & Volusia
3 Florida Department of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles
Note: Percentages may not always add up to 100% due to rounding.

Note: 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800. Source: 2013 American Community Survey
## Community Characteristics

### Poverty by Age

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 18 years (% of under 18)</td>
<td>4,947*</td>
<td>27.2%*</td>
<td>21,265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 to 64 years (% of 18 to 64)</td>
<td>8,825*</td>
<td>16.6%*</td>
<td>50,944</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+ years (% of 65+ years)</td>
<td>2,246*</td>
<td>8.1%*</td>
<td>7,339*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Poverty by Race

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White (% of same)</td>
<td>12,009*</td>
<td>14.7%*</td>
<td>61,311</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American (% of same)</td>
<td>2,137*</td>
<td>21.5%*</td>
<td>11,405*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian &amp; Alaska Native (% of same)</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian (% of same)</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian &amp; Other Pacific Islander (% of same)</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some other race (% of same)</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Poverty by Ethnicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race) (% of same)</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>Number too small</td>
<td>12,784*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (% of same)</td>
<td>11,721*</td>
<td>15.8%*</td>
<td>52,213</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Families Below Poverty Level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Families</td>
<td>10.1%*</td>
<td>11.4%</td>
<td>12.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Related Children under 18 years</td>
<td>19.1%*</td>
<td>20.6%</td>
<td>20.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married Couple, Children under 18 years</td>
<td>12.8%*</td>
<td>8.8%*</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female-Householder, Children under 18 years, No Husband Present</td>
<td>45.0%*</td>
<td>39.8%</td>
<td>38.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female Householder, Children under 5 only, No Husband Present</td>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>52.4%*</td>
<td>40.9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Food Stamps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Households with one or more people under 18 years (% of same)</td>
<td>1,753</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>13,195</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Households with at least one person age 60+ (% of same)</td>
<td>1,188*</td>
<td>5.6%*</td>
<td>9,283</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Households with one or more Persons with a Disability (% of same)</td>
<td>1,956*</td>
<td>16.8%*</td>
<td>11,664</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median Household Income (Households receiving food stamps)</td>
<td>$18,298*</td>
<td>$21,329</td>
<td>$21,414</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** U.S. Census, 2013 American Community Survey  
*These items have a large margin of error

**Note:** 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800. Source: 2013 American Community Survey
## Community Characteristics

### HEALTH & WELLNESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2013 Births&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of annual births</td>
<td>783</td>
<td>4,632</td>
<td>215,194</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of annual births Paid by Private Insurance (% of births)</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>36.0%</td>
<td>1,564</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of annual births Paid by Medicaid (% of births)</td>
<td>474</td>
<td>60.5%</td>
<td>2,897</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Community Health Characteristics<sup>*</sup>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of annual hospitalizations (2013)&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>6,864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of annual emergency department (ED) visits (7/2012-6/2013)&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>28,412</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number ED visits paid by Commercial/HMO/PPO Insurance&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>5,239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number ED visits paid by Medicare/Medicare Managed Care&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>6,810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number ED visits paid by Medicaid/Medicaid Managed Care&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>9,241</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number ED visits paid by Self Pay&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>4,981</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number ED visits paid by KidCare&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>355</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number ED visits paid by Other&lt;sup&gt;2**&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>1,030</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Medical Doctors and Osteopathic Physicians&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Dentists&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Health Risk Factors<sup>4</sup>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percent of High School Students without sufficient vigorous physical activity</td>
<td>37.5%</td>
<td>32.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of High School Students Reporting BMI at or above 95th percentile</td>
<td>14.1%</td>
<td>13.9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Potentially Avoidable Hospitalizations<sup>4</sup>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th>Florida</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asthma, Ages 5-11 years</td>
<td>211.5</td>
<td>381.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma, Ages 12-18 years</td>
<td>330.0</td>
<td>327.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes, Ages 5-11 years</td>
<td>27.0&lt;sup&gt;o&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>29.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes, Ages 12-18 years</td>
<td>77.1</td>
<td>162.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Hospitalizations and Emergency Department visits are for Flagler & Volusia Counties residents at county located facilities only.

**Other – includes Workers’ Comp., TriCare or other Federal Government, VA, State/Local government, and Other

Sources:

<sup>1</sup> Florida CHARTS

<sup>2</sup> Agency for Health Care Administration (2013)

<sup>3</sup> Department of Health, License Verification (currently licensed providers)

<sup>4</sup> 2013 School-aged Child and Adolescent Profile, Florida CHARTS – See glossary at www.agendavf.org for details

Note: 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800.  
Source: 2013 American Community Survey
## HEALTH and WELLNESS

### Community Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Insurance</th>
<th>Flagler</th>
<th></th>
<th>Volusia</th>
<th></th>
<th>Florida</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Population (civilian, non-institutionalized)</td>
<td>99,614</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>494,791</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>19,245,127</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total with Health Insurance Coverage (% of Total Population)</td>
<td>83,693</td>
<td>84.0%</td>
<td>394,979</td>
<td>79.8%</td>
<td>15,392,164</td>
<td>80.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 6 with health insurance coverage (% of Under 6)</td>
<td>3,968*</td>
<td>77.5%*</td>
<td>27,544</td>
<td>92.2%</td>
<td>1,197,306</td>
<td>92.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With private health insurance (% of Under 6 with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>2,438*</td>
<td>61.4%*</td>
<td>12,484</td>
<td>45.3%</td>
<td>568,191</td>
<td>47.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With public coverage (% of Under 6 with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>1,716*</td>
<td>43.2%*</td>
<td>16,094</td>
<td>58.4%</td>
<td>656,650</td>
<td>54.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 18 with health insurance coverage (% of Under 18)</td>
<td>16,746*</td>
<td>89.4%*</td>
<td>78,764</td>
<td>86.6%</td>
<td>3,574,800</td>
<td>88.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private health insurance only (% of Under 18 with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>9,274*</td>
<td>55.4%*</td>
<td>41,641</td>
<td>52.9%</td>
<td>1,904,209</td>
<td>53.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public coverage only (% of Under 18 with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>5,813*</td>
<td>34.7%*</td>
<td>34,029</td>
<td>43.2%</td>
<td>1,570,853</td>
<td>43.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both Private &amp; Public coverage (% of Under 18 with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>1,659*</td>
<td>9.9%*</td>
<td>3,094*</td>
<td>3.9%*</td>
<td>99,738</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 to 64 with health insurance coverage (% of 18 to 64)</td>
<td>39,533</td>
<td>74.2%</td>
<td>204,736</td>
<td>70.2%</td>
<td>8,298,108</td>
<td>71.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private health insurance only (% of 18 to 64 with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>30,601</td>
<td>77.4%</td>
<td>156,528</td>
<td>76.5%</td>
<td>6,666,725</td>
<td>80.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public coverage only (% of 18 to 64 with health coverage)</td>
<td>6,100*</td>
<td>15.4%*</td>
<td>34,927</td>
<td>17.1%</td>
<td>1,299,841</td>
<td>15.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both Private &amp; Public coverage (% of 18 to 64 with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>2,832*</td>
<td>7.2%*</td>
<td>13,281*</td>
<td>6.5%*</td>
<td>331,542</td>
<td>4.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+ with health insurance coverage (% of 65+)</td>
<td>27,414</td>
<td>99.3%</td>
<td>111,488</td>
<td>99.4%</td>
<td>3,519,256</td>
<td>98.3%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Private health insurance only (% of 65+ with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>567*</td>
<td>2.1%*</td>
<td>2,398*</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>87,994</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public coverage only (% of 65+ with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>9,904</td>
<td>36.1%</td>
<td>44,439</td>
<td>39.9%</td>
<td>1,586,061</td>
<td>45.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both Private &amp; Public coverage (% of 65+ with health insurance coverage)</td>
<td>16,943</td>
<td>61.8%</td>
<td>64,642</td>
<td>58.0%</td>
<td>1,845,201</td>
<td>52.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Specialized Types of Health Insurance

| Managed Care Enrollment (through 9/2014, excludes Medicare HMO & Medicaid Managed Care) | 7,734 | 62,952 |
| Healthy Kids Enrollment (2/2015) | 1,181 | 5,341 |
| Medicare Enrollment (7/1/2012) (most recent year reported) | 29,756 | 128,738 |
| Medicaid Enrollment (includes HMO & MediKids, 1/2015) | 16,182 | 96,498 |

**Sources:** U.S. Census, 2013 American Community Survey unless otherwise noted

1. Florida Office of Insurance Regulation
2. Healthy Kids
3. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
4. Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA)

*These items have a large margin of error

Note: Percentages may not always add up to 100% due to rounding.

Note: 2013 Total Population – Flagler 99,956, Volusia 500,800. Source: 2013 American Community Survey
Children and Youth

Vision
Our community has children and youth who are safe and secure with a family and support network that provides for their physical, emotional and educational needs in a nurturing and stable environment.

All children and youth have opportunities to thrive, reach their potential and become contributing, responsible, productive citizens.

By fulfilling this vision for Children and Youth, these outcomes are expected to be achieved:

- Children and youth are emotionally and physically healthy.
- Children and youth are not involved in criminal activities.
- Children and youth avoid use of illegal and unhealthy substances.
- Children are prepared to enter school ready to learn.
- Youth are provided with opportunities for positive development.
- Children and youth are assisted in times of crisis.
- Youth are provided with skills for gainful employment through effective education.
- Children and youth have families and/or a support network involved in all aspects of their lives.
- Children and youth are not exposed to criminal activities within their families or their neighborhoods.
- Children have access to support services in their homes and special needs are met (including children with disabilities).
- At the earliest point possible, intervention is available (developmental, educational, and therapeutic) to maximize the potential for success of children with disabilities.
- Children with disabilities have access to social and recreational activities.

On the following pages, there are nine featured indicators. There are several other issues affecting children and youth of high concern and priority for this focus area. Indicators that were recommended but not included because of limited and/or unavailable consistent data are listed above as Missing Indicators.

Missing Indicators

Issues of interest for further exploration:

- What is the number of youth with disabilities who are receiving services for the disability?
School Readiness – ECHOS™
Percent of Kindergartners Who Are Considered Ready for Kindergarten

This Indicator Measures...the percent of kindergarten students who have a status of Demonstrating or Emerging/Progressing on the ECHOS™ Screening Instrument in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... the ECHOS™ is a brief observational screening instrument designed to measure a child’s performance (at the beginning of kindergarten) across seven developmental areas that are aligned with the Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) Educational Standards. See the glossary at www.agendavf.org for details.

Source: Florida Department of Education
Note: The percent in Flagler and Volusia Counties has fluctuated and increased over the reporting period. The school systems follow the rules set by the instrument publisher regarding accommodations for children with disabilities.

Reading Readiness – FAIR-K
Percent of Kindergartners with a 67% to 99% Probability of Reading Success

This Indicator Measures...the percent of kindergarten students who have a probability of achieving a reading score at or above grade level by the end of the year in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... the FAIR-K Screening Instrument measures specific skills (Letter Naming and Phonemic Awareness) that are important in learning to read according to the Florida Department of Education. See the glossary at www.agendavf.org for details.

Source: Florida Department of Education
Note: The percent has increased in Flagler County. The Volusia percent has decreased over the last three years and increased overall. The school systems follow the rules set by the instrument publisher regarding accommodations for children with disabilities.

Reading Achievement
Percent of 3rd Grade Students Scoring 3 and Above in FCAT 2.0 Reading

This Indicator Measures...the percent of 3rd grade students in Flagler and Volusia Counties scoring 3 and above in the FCAT 2.0 reading. Students that score in Achievement Levels 3, 4, and 5 in reading or mathematics are considered on grade level, proficient, or advanced.

This is Important Because... reading achievement scores are the academic measure of students’ skills and indicators of overall school achievement.

Source: Florida Department of Education
Note: Flagler County rates have fluctuated and Volusia County rates have decreased over the reporting period.
Note: In 2011, the State Board of Education established new Achievement Level standards for FCAT 2.0 Reading. Caution should be used if comparing to previous years.

Due to data collection transitions at the Florida Department of Education, no data was available for 2014-15 for the indicators in this page.
School Absenteeism
Percent of Students Absent 21 Days or More

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009-10</th>
<th>2010-11</th>
<th>2011-12</th>
<th>2012-13</th>
<th>2013-14</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>7.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>9.1</td>
<td>10.6</td>
<td>10.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>9.9</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>9.1</td>
<td>9.6</td>
<td>9.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This Indicator Measures...the percent of students absent 21 days or more in Flagler and Volusia Counties' Schools.

This is Important Because... when students miss a significant number of school days, they are not learning and it can be a complex issue that requires in depth research.

Source: Florida Department of Education, PK-12 Reports and Publications

Note: The Flagler County rate has fluctuated over the reporting period. The Volusia County rate dipped in 2011-12 and has remained somewhat steady over the reporting period.

High School Graduation – Students with Disabilities
Percent of Students with Disabilities Graduating in Four Years

This Indicator Measures...the number of first time ninth graders with disabilities from four years prior, plus incoming transfers, minus transfers out, divided into the number of standard diploma graduates.

This is Important Because... The National Center on Educational Outcomes states that ensuring students with disabilities are college and career ready is a critically important yet challenging national goal.

Source: Florida Department of Education

Note: The Flagler percentage has fluctuated and increased over the period reported. The Volusia percentage has increased each year of the reporting period.

High School Graduation
Percentage of High School Students Graduating in Four Years

This Indicator Measures...the number of first time ninth graders from four years prior, plus incoming transfers, minus transfers out, divided into the number of standard diploma graduates.

This is Important Because... U.S. Department of Education statistics suggest that students graduating from high school in four years have higher annual earnings and are less likely to be unemployed than those who take longer or do not graduate.

Source: Florida Department of Education

Note: Both the Flagler and Volusia rates have increased over the reporting period. See the glossary at www.agendavf.org for further details on this measure.
Homeless Children and Youth
Rate of Students Identified as Homeless in Public Schools, Per 1,000 Student Population

This Indicator Measures...the rate of students identified as homeless in Volusia and Flagler County public schools in one school year.

This is Important Because... children living in homeless situations usually perform two to three years below grade level.

Source: Florida Department of Children and Families

Note: The Flagler rate has increased each year and has more than doubled over the reporting period. The Volusia rate increased through 2011-12 and has remained steady since. See the glossary at www.agendavf.org for Homeless Children and Youth as defined by the Department of Education.

Delinquency
Rate of Youth Referred for Delinquency, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures...the total rate of youth referred for delinquency per 1,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... when the rate of youth referred for delinquency is declining, it can be an indication that fewer youth are engaging in delinquent behavior.

Source: Florida Department of Juvenile Justice

Note: The Flagler County rate decreased each year except 2010-11. The Volusia County rate decreased each year over the reporting period.

Teenage Mothers
Rate of Births to Mothers, Ages 10-17, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures...the total rate of births to mothers, ages 10-17 per 1,000 of the population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... statistically teenage mothers are unemployed or under-employed, do not receive and/or complete their education and live in poverty.

Source: Florida CHARTS

Note: The Flagler rate increased in 2014 and both Flagler and Volusia Counties’ rates have decreased over the reporting period. The rate for ages 10-19 is reported on page 42. Additional note: For information on repeat teen births visit Florida CHARTS listed in Data Sources.
Families and Neighborhoods

Vision
Our community has stable family units that feel safe, secure and connected to their family, neighborhoods and the community as a whole and who take personal responsibility for themselves and their neighborhood and have easy access to appropriate resources when they need help.

Missing Indicators
Issues of interest for further exploration:
- How many children are in foster care due to parents being incarcerated?
- What is the number of incarcerated parents?
- What are the waiting lists for programs and how are the waiting lists determined/defined? i.e., child care, substance abuse treatment, and mental health waiting lists?
- How many women are incarcerated for drug related offenses?
- How many people are released from prison in Volusia County each year?
- What are the adult volunteerism rates?
- What are the adult literacy rates?

Data Highlight
Unemployment Rate*

*see data indicator for details

By fulfilling this vision for Families and Neighborhoods, these outcomes are expected to be achieved:

- Basic needs for food, clothing and shelter are met.
- Families are stable and independent.
- Families are financially secure and not living in poverty.
- Neighbors are helpful to each other and provide an additional, yet significant – environment of community.
- Neighborhoods are safe and free from crime.

On the following pages, there are eleven featured indicators. Indicators that were recommended but not included because of limited and/or unavailable consistent data are listed above as Missing Indicators.
Domestic Violence
Rate of Domestic Violence Offenses, Per 100,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the total rate of offenses related to domestic violence, per 100,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... this data attests to the environment within a family. Education and prevention are key methods to reduce the rate of domestic violence offenses.

Source: Florida Department of Law Enforcement
Note: The Flagler rate decreased through 2013 and increased in 2014. The Volusia rate has increased over the reporting period.

Women and Children in Domestic Abuse Emergency Shelters
Rate of Women and Children Served in Domestic Abuse Emergency Shelters, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the total annual rate of women and children served in domestic abuse emergency shelters, per 1,000 of the women and children population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... this service may be the only option for a woman and/or her children who are being abused in their home/relationship.

Source: 2009-2012 Florida Department of Children and Families
Flagler data 2012-2014: Family Life Center
Volusia data 2012-2014: Domestic Abuse Council
Note: The Flagler rate increased in 2010-11 and has remained steady since that time. The Volusia rate has remained steady over the reporting period.
Simple Assaults
Rate of Arrests for Simple Assaults, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures… the total rate of arrests for simple assaults per 1,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because… simple assaults are intentionally or recklessly causing bodily injury to another individual (i.e., fighting). Ideally, families and neighborhoods should feel safe and secure and free from fear of being assualted.

Source: Florida Department of Law Enforcement
Note: The Flagler County rate has fluctuated and decreased over the reporting period. The Volusia County rate has increased steadily over the reporting period.

Aggravated Assaults
Rate of Arrests for Aggravated Assaults, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures… the total rate of arrests for aggravated assaults per 1,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Serious Because… an aggravated assault can mean that an individual used a deadly weapon and/or intended to rape, maim or murder another individual(s).

Source: Florida Department of Law Enforcement
Note: The Flagler rate has fluctuated over the reporting period. The Volusia rate has fluctuated slightly over the reporting period.

Arrests for Drugs
Rate of Arrests for Drugs/Narcotics, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures…the total rate of arrests for drugs/narcotics per 1,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Serious Because… while drug-related arrests can mean that efforts are in place to interdict illegal drugs and prosecute those who use them, it may indicate that drugs and narcotics are more prevalent than ever before.

Source: Florida Department of Law Enforcement
Note: The Flagler rate has fluctuated and decreased over the reporting period. The Volusia rate has fluctuated slightly over the reporting period.
Child Abuse
Rate of Child Abuse Victims with “Not Substantiated” or “Verified” Findings, Per 1,000 Child Population

This Indicator Measures…the total rate of child abuse victims which resulted in findings with “not substantiated” or “verified” per 1,000 of the child population in Flagler and Volusia Counties. In January 2010, the term “not substantiated” came into use. The previously used term was “some indication”.

This is Important Because… concerned citizens can assist professionals in identifying – and preventing – child abuse.

Actual Number of Investigations with Verified or Not Substantiated findings of abuse

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2009-10</th>
<th>2010-11</th>
<th>2011-12</th>
<th>2012-13</th>
<th>2013-14</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td>301</td>
<td>442</td>
<td>457</td>
<td>428</td>
<td>394</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td>2,040</td>
<td>2,831</td>
<td>2,996</td>
<td>2,859</td>
<td>2,664</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Florida Center for Child Welfare, FMHI, USF
Note: Flagler’s rate peaked in 2010-11 and Volusia’s rate peaked in 2011-12. Each have decreased since 2011-12.

Children Not Living at Home
Rate of Flagler and Volusia County Children in Out-of-Home Care, June 30, Per 10,000 Population

This Indicator Measures… the rate of Flagler and Volusia County children living outside of their home* on June 30th each year (this is not annualized), per 10,000 population.

This is Important Because… ideally children should thrive in their own home. Removing a child from his/her home can be detrimental to the well-being of the child and family.

Source: Community Partnership for Children
Note: Data is not available by county. The rate for Flagler and Volusia increased through 2012 and has decreased since. *See the online glossary for a definition of Out-of-Home Care at www.agendavf.org.

Children Below Poverty Level
Percent of Children Under Age 18 Below Poverty Level

This Indicator Measures… the percent of children under age 18 years who are living at or below the poverty level in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because… research documents the consequences of childhood poverty on the health and well-being of a community as profoundly negative.

Source: U.S. Census, Small Area Income & Poverty Estimates (SAIPE)
Note: The Flagler County percent increased through 2011 and decreased from 2011 to 2013. The Volusia County percent increased through 2012 and decreased in 2013.
Unemployment
Rate of Unemployment

This Indicator Measures… the total annual rate of unemployment in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because… this is the number of people looking for work, but who are unable to find it. This indicator represents one method of measuring the health of the economy.

Source: Florida Research and Economic Information Database Application (FREIDA)

Note: Both the Flagler and Volusia rates have decreased each year of the five-year period reported. FREIDA revises rates over time.

Requests for Assistance
Rate of Requests for Assistance, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures… the total annual rate of individuals applying for food stamps, temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) and Medicaid per 1,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because… eligibility for assistance is determined by income and can be an indicator of households in financial stress.

Source: Florida Department of Children and Families

Note: The Flagler rate has increased over the reporting period. After increasing in 2011, the Volusia rate has remained higher in the last three years reported.

Homelessness
Rate of Homeless Persons, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures… the rate of homeless persons (people living on our streets or housed in emergency shelter facilities) per 1,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because… homelessness is an issue rooted in the problems of poverty and the lack of affordable housing for those with low income.

Sources: Department of Children and Families

Note: This data is collected annually by a one-day actual street count. The Flagler rate has increased over the reporting period. The Volusia rate increased through 2012 and has decreased over the last two years reported.
Aging and Elderly

Vision
Our community provides an environment of security, independence, empowerment and respect for elderly and disabled citizens through access to a seamless system of support and services that assist individuals in reaching their personal potential for an enhanced quality of life.

Missing Indicators

Issues of interest for further exploration:

- What types and how much crime is committed against the elderly?
- What is the status of physical, mental, and behavioral health for the elderly?
- What opportunities are available for education and support of healthy lifestyle choices for the elderly?
- What is the living situation of the elderly? Community capacity for care? Affordable housing?
- What is the capacity of Volusia County nursing home Medicaid beds?
- What are the alternatives to nursing homes for long-term care (home care, assisted living, etc.)?
- What are the transportation needs and/or mobility options of the elderly?

Data Highlight

Elderly with No Disabilities*

*see data indicator for details

Flagler 76.6%   Volusia 69.6%   Florida 69.8%

By fulfilling the vision, it is expected that the following outcomes will be achieved.

- Elderly live independently, in appropriate, affordable housing.
- Elderly have access to support services in their homes and special needs are met.
- Elderly are healthy, both physically and mentally.
- Elderly have opportunities for gainful employment if desired.
- Elderly have access to social and recreational activities.

On the following pages, there are six indicators regarding Aging and Elderly. Indicators that were recommended but are not included because of limited and/or unavailable consistent data are listed above as Missing Indicators.
**Elderly and Poverty**  
Percent of Persons Age 60+ Whose Financial Status is Below the Poverty Guideline

**This Indicator Measures...** the percent of adults age 60 years and over whose financial status is below the poverty guideline for their family size.

**This is Important Because...** Poverty can affect many aspects of a person’s living condition including housing, health and nutrition.

*Source: Florida Department of Elder Affairs*  
Note: After increasing on 2011, the Flagler and Volusia Counties’ percentage has remained steady through 2014.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>6.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>8.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>9.9</td>
<td>9.9</td>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Elder Suicide**  
Three-Year Rolling Rate* of Suicide, Ages 60+, Per 100,000 Population

**This Indicator Measures...** the rate of suicide for ages 60 and over, per 100,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

**This is Important Because...** according to the National Strategy for Suicide Prevention, suicide disproportionately impacts the elderly.

*Source: Florida CHARTS*  
Note: The Flagler County rate has fluctuated over the reporting period. The Volusia County rate decreased in 2009-11 and has increased each year since.  
*The three-year rolling rate is an average value of an indicator over three rolling 3-year time periods and were used here in order to flatten out large fluctuations due to the low incidence.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2008-10</th>
<th>2009-11</th>
<th>2010-12</th>
<th>2011-13</th>
<th>2012-14</th>
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<tr>
<td>Flagler</td>
<td>21.3</td>
<td>22.6</td>
<td>19.8</td>
<td>12.3</td>
<td>15.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volusia</td>
<td>19.3</td>
<td>16.6</td>
<td>23.1</td>
<td>23.7</td>
<td>25.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>18.5</td>
<td>18.3</td>
<td>18.6</td>
<td>19.2</td>
<td>20.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Elderly with No Disabilities**  
Percent of Adults Age 65+ and 60+ With No Disabilities

**This Indicator Measures...** the percent of adults age 65 years and over with no disabilities.

**This is Important Because...** Elderly adults with no disabilities may be able to maintain their independence and require fewer health and human services.

*Source: Florida Department of Elder Affairs*  
Note: The rates in Flagler and Volusia Counties increased through 2012 and have remained steady through 2014.  
*2010-2011 reported for age 65+, 2012-2014 reported for age 60+*
Skilled Nursing Facility Utilization – Occupancy Rate
Occupancy Rate of Skilled Nursing Facilities with Community Beds

This Indicator Measures... the utilization of skilled nursing facilities with community beds through the occupancy rate.

Goal
This is Important Because... a high occupancy rate indicates a greater number of the elderly population requiring skilled nursing care.

Source: Florida Department of Elder Affairs
Note: The rates in Flagler and Volusia Counties have remained steady over the reporting period.

Unintentional Falls
Rate of Non-Fatal Unintentional Injury Hospitalizations Caused by Falls, Age 65+
per 100,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the rate non-fatal unintentional injury hospitalizations caused by falls for ages 65 and over per 100,000 population in Volusia and Flagler Counties.

This is Important Because... in Florida, falls are the leading cause of fatal and non-fatal injuries among the population ages 65 and older and result in significant physical, personal, social and economic burden.

Source: Florida Department of Health
Note: The Flagler County rate has increased over the reporting period. The Volusia County rate increased through 2012 and decreased in 2013.

Probable Alzheimer’s Cases
Estimated Percent of Adults Age 65+ and 60+ with Alzheimer’s Disease

This Indicator Measures... the percent of probable Alzheimer’s cases in adults ages 60+ based on the county population and Florida Alzheimer’s Statistics from the Alzheimer’s Association report, Alzheimer’s Disease Facts and Figures.

This is Important Because... Alzheimer’s disease is the fifth leading cause of death for those age 65 and older.

Source: Florida Department of Elder Affairs
Note: The percent in both Flagler and Volusia Counties decreased through 2012 and have increased since.
*2010-2011 reported for 65+, 2012-2014 reported for 60+
Adults with Disabilities

Vision
Our community provides an environment of security, independence, empowerment and respect for elderly and disabled citizens through access to a seamless system of support and services that assist individuals in reaching their personal potential for an enhanced quality of life.

Missing Indicators
Issues of interest for further exploration:

- What types and how much crime is committed against Adults with Disabilities?
- What is the number of Adults with Disabilities who do not have access/do not receive services?
- What is the community capacity for respite care for caregivers to Adults with Disabilities?
- What is the living situation, including Activities of Daily Living (ADL), of Adults with Disabilities?

Data Highlight

Adults with Disabilities and Employment*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>10%</th>
<th>20%</th>
<th>30%</th>
<th>40%</th>
<th>50%</th>
<th>60%</th>
<th>70%</th>
<th>80%</th>
<th>90%</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florida 79.3%</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volusia 77.6% Flagler 83.3%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

*see data indicator for details

By fulfilling the vision, it is expected that the following outcomes will be achieved.

- Adults with Disabilities live independently, in appropriate, affordable housing.
- Adults with Disabilities have access to support services in their homes and special needs are met.
- At the earliest point possible, intervention is available (developmental, educational, and therapeutic) to maximize the independence of Adults with Disabilities.
- Adults with Disabilities are healthy, both physically and mentally.
- Adults with Disabilities have opportunities for gainful employment.
- Adults with Disabilities have access to social and recreational activities.

On the following pages, there are five indicators regarding Adults with Disabilities. Indicators that were recommend but are not included because of limited and/or unavailable consistent data are listed above as Missing Indicators.
Persons with Disabilities and Employment
Percent of Persons with Disabilities (Ages 18-64) Who Are Employed

This indicator measures the percent of all persons with a disability in the labor force who were employed (ages 18-64 years).

This is important because... persons with disabilities can contribute equally to the work force and community as well as benefit economically and socially.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: The Flagler County percent has fluctuated and increased over the reporting period. The Volusia County percent has remained fairly steady. Flagler data has a large margin of error.

*Due to a format change, do not compare this data to years prior to 2009.

Persons without Disabilities and Employment
Percent of Persons without Disabilities (Ages 18-64) Who Are Employed

This indicator measures the percent of all persons without a disability in the labor force who were employed (ages 18-64 years).

This is included for comparison purposes for the above indicator, Persons with Disabilities and Employment.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: The Flagler County percentage has increased over the reporting period. The Volusia County percentage has remained fairly steady over the reporting period.

Persons with Disabilities Not in the Labor Force
Percent of Persons with Disabilities (Ages 18-64) Not in the Labor Force

This chart measures the percent of persons with a disability who were not in the labor force (ages 18-64 years).

This is important because reducing the barriers to entering the workforce could benefit individuals as well as the local economy. Employment rates are usually calculated based on the percent of persons in the labor force who are employed.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: Except for a decrease in 2011, the Flagler County percentage has increased slightly over the reporting period. The Volusia County percentage has increased through 2012 and decreased slightly in 2013. Flagler data has a large margin of error.
Persons with Disabilities and Poverty
Rate of Adults with Disabilities and Below the Poverty Level, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures...the rate of adults (ages 18-64) with disabilities who are below the poverty level per 1,000 adults with disabilities.

This is Important Because... having special needs can sometimes contribute to economic challenges and barriers to competitive employment.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: The age grouping is predetermined by the American Community Survey. The Flagler County rate increased through 2012 and decreased in 2013. The Volusia County rate has fluctuated and increased over the reporting period. This data has a large margin of error.

Persons without Disabilities and Poverty
Rate of Adults without Disabilities and Below the Poverty Level, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures...the rate of adults (ages 18-64) without disabilities who are below the poverty level per 1,000 adults without disabilities.

This is included for comparison purposes for the above indicator, Persons with Disabilities and Poverty.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: The age grouping is predetermined by the American Community Survey. The Flagler County rate has fluctuated over the reporting period. The Volusia County rate increased through 2012 and decreased in 2013. This data has a large margin of error.

Persons without Disabilities Not in the Labor Force
Percent of Persons without Disabilities (Ages 18-64) Not in the Labor Force

This chart measures the percent of persons without a disability who were not in the labor force (ages 18-64 years).

This is included for comparison purposes for the indicator to the left, Persons with Disabilities Not in the Labor Force.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: The Flagler County percentage has fluctuated over the reporting period. The Volusia County percentage increased through 2012 and decreased in 2013.
Persons with Disabilities Median Earnings
Median Earnings for Persons with Disabilities (Ages 16 and over)

This Indicator Measures... the median earnings during the 12 month reporting period for those who are 16 years and over with a disability with earnings.

This is Important Because... persons with disabilities can contribute equally to the work force and community as well as benefit economically and socially.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: The age grouping is predetermined by the American Community Survey. Flagler County earnings have increased over the reporting period. Volusia County earnings have fluctuated over the reporting period. Flagler data has a large margin of error.

Persons without Disabilities Median Earnings
Median Earnings for Persons without Disabilities (Ages 16 and over)

This Indicator Measures... the median earnings during the 12 month reporting period for those who are 16 years and over without a disability with earnings.

This is included for comparison purposes for the above indicator, Persons with Disabilities and Poverty.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: The age grouping is predetermined by the American Community Survey. Flagler County earnings have fluctuated over the reporting period. Volusia County earnings increased through 2011 and decreased since. Flagler data has a large margin of error.

Households with at Least One Person with a Disability
Percent of Households with At Least One Person with a Disability

This Indicator Measures... the percent of households where at least one person with at least one disability lives.

This is Important Because... to ensure adequate access to services for persons with a disability and caregivers, it is important to know the size of the population who may potentially need to access services.

Source: U.S. Census, American Community Survey
Note: The Flagler County percent has fluctuated over the reporting period. The Volusia County rate has increased over the reporting period. Flagler data has a large margin of error.
Health and Wellness

Vision
Our community provides an environment conducive to healthy living so individuals have the support and awareness necessary to reach optimal mental and physical health with access to comprehensive health care and preventive services.

- Babies are born healthy.
- Individuals know where and how to access health care.
- Illnesses are prevented and/or treated.
- Individuals are physically and mentally healthy.
- Individuals have opportunities for education and support to decrease behaviors that lead to poor health outcomes.
- Individuals have opportunities for education and support of lifestyle choices that lead to good health outcomes.
- Individuals have opportunities and access to cultural and social interaction to better ensure good health outcomes.

Missing Indicators

Issues of interest for further exploration:

- What is the need for mental and behavioral health services?
- What is the capacity of community-based mental & behavioral health service providers?
- How many public recreation facilities are available?
- What types of public recreation facilities are available?
- What physical activity lifestyle choices are individuals making?
- How is obesity affecting our community?
- Is there a way to measure attempts at suicide?
- How many babies are born healthy? Not affected by alcohol?
- What are the major school health issues?
- What is the quality of medical care in our community?
- What is the rate of tobacco use in our community among adults?
- What is the rate of alcohol use in our community among adults?

Data Highlight

First Trimester Pregnancy Care*

Flagler 84.0%  Volusia 79.1%  Florida 79.4%

*see data indicator for details

On the following pages are fifteen featured indicators. Recommended indicators that are not included because of limited and/or unavailable consistent data are listed above as Missing Indicators.
Heart Disease – Age-Adjusted Rate
Death Rate of Heart Disease, Per 100,000 Population (adjusted for age composition)

This Indicator Measures… the total annual resident deaths due to heart disease per 100,000 population taking age distribution into consideration in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because… proper diet, exercise and education could improve the rate of heart disease. Heart disease affects the heart and cardiovascular system.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The rates for both counties have increased over the reporting period. In 2014, Heart Disease was the leading cause of death in Volusia and the second leading cause of death in Flagler Counties.

Lung Cancer – Age-Adjusted Rate
Rate of the Incidence of Lung Cancer, Per 100,000 Population

This Indicator Measures… the total annual incidence of lung cancer as a rate per 100,000 population taking age distribution into consideration in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because… lung cancer is the number one cause of cancer deaths in the United States.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler County rate has fluctuated and remained steady for the last two years reported. The Volusia County rate has fluctuated over the reporting period. Cancer (all cancers combined) is the leading cause of death in Flagler County and the second leading cause in Volusia County.

Stroke – Age-Adjusted Rate
Death Rate from Stroke, Per 100,000 Population (adjusted for age composition)

This Indicator Measures… the total annual rate of deaths due to stroke per 100,000 population taking age distribution into consideration in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because… while stroke is considered a disease of the brain, it can affect the entire body.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler County and Volusia County rates have both fluctuated and shown an increase over the reporting period.
Diabetes
Rate of Hospitalization From or With Diabetes, Per 100,000 Population (age-adjusted rate)

This Indicator Measures... the total annual rate of hospitalizations due to diabetes and/or persons who have diabetes per 100,000 population taking age distribution into consideration in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... managing diabetes effectively can help reduce and/or prevent many health problems associated with the disease.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler County rate has increased each year of the reporting period. The Volusia County rate has increased over the reporting period and saw a small decrease in 2012.

HIV Cases
Rate of New HIV Cases, Per 100,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the total annual rate of new HIV (Human Immuno-deficiency Virus) Cases per 100,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... HIV is preventable and has a significant impact on the physical, emotional and fiscal health of the affected person as well as placing others in the community at risk of infection.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler fluctuation is due to very low numbers. The Flagler rate has increased over the reporting period. The Volusia rate has fluctuated and increased over the reporting period.

Sexually Transmitted Diseases
Rate of Total Gonorrhea, Chlamydia & Infectious Syphilis, Per 100,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the total annual incidence of gonorrhea, Chlamydia & infectious syphilis as a rate per 100,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... sexually transmitted diseases are preventable and affect the overall health of the affected individual as well as place others in the community at risk of infection.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler County and Volusia County rates have fluctuated over the reporting period and decreased overall.
Infant Mortality
Infant Mortality Three-Year Rolling Rate, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the three-year rolling rate of infant mortality per 1,000 live births in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... infant mortality is the rate at which babies less than one year old die. It is considered a significant measure of a community’s health.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler rate has fluctuated over the reporting period. The Volusia rate has decreased steadily. The three-year rolling rate is an average value of an indicator over three rolling 3-year time periods and were used here in order to flatten out large fluctuations.

First Trimester Pregnancy Care
Percent of Births to Mothers with First Trimester Care

This Indicator Measures... the percent of births to mothers with first trimester care in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... the first trimester is considered the most crucial time for the baby’s development.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler County and Volusia County rates have remained steady over the reporting.

Teenage Mothers
Rate of Births to Mothers, Ages 10-19, Per 1,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the total rate of births to mothers, ages 10-19 per 1,000 of the population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... statistically teenage mothers are unemployed or under-employed, do not receive and/or complete their education and live in poverty.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler County rate decreased over the reporting period. Volusia County’s rate decreased each of the last five years. The rate for ages 10-17 is reported on page 26.
Additional note: For information on repeat teen births visit Florida CHARTS listed in Data Sources.
Alcohol-Related Motor Vehicle Crashes
Rate of Alcohol-Related Motor Vehicle Crashes Per 100,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the total annual rate of alcohol-related motor vehicle crashes per 100,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... according to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Web site, approximately 39% of the total deaths in motor vehicle crashes are alcohol-related.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The Flagler rate has fluctuated but decreased over the reporting period. The Volusia rate has decreased over the reporting period.

Baker Act
Rate of Baker Act Involuntary Exam Initiations, Per 10,000 Population

This Indicator Measures... the total annual rate of Baker Act involuntary examinations by the county of residence per 10,000 population in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... the Baker Act (Florida’s Mental Health Act) assists individuals in immediate danger of hurting themselves or others by providing emergency psychiatric services.

Source: University of South Florida, Louis de la Parte Florida Mental Health Institute.
Note: The Flagler rate has decreased over the reporting period. The Volusia rate has also decreased over the reporting period.

Suicide – Age-Adjusted Rate
Three-Year Rolling Rate* of Suicide Per 100,000 Population (adjusted for age composition)

This Indicator Measures... the total annual rate of suicide deaths per 100,000 population taking age distribution into consideration in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

This is Important Because... it provides the mental state of a community. Someone thinking about committing suicide needs immediate attention.

Source: Florida CHARTS
Note: The rate in Flagler has decreased over the reporting period. The Volusia rate has increased over the reporting period.
*The three-year rolling rate is an average value of an indicator over three rolling 3-year time periods and were used here in order to flatten out large fluctuations due to the low incidence.
**Youth Cigarette Use**  
**Percent of Youth Cigarette Use, Reported Use of Cigarettes in Past 30 Days**

**This Indicator Measures**...the percent of self-reported use of cigarettes by youth in the past 30 days of the survey date in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

**This is Important Because**... this survey is administered bi-annually to randomly selected middle and high school students. Used to capture behavior, it is the only valid source of youth behavior.

*Source: Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey (2006 - 2014)*

Note: The Flagler County rate has continued to decrease each reported year since 2006. The Volusia rate has fluctuated and has decreased overall over the reporting period.

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**Youth Alcohol Use**  
**Percent of Youth Substance Abuse, Reported Use of Alcohol in Past 30 Days**

**This Indicator Measures**...the percent of self-reported use of alcohol by youth in the past 30 days of the survey date in Flagler and Volusia Counties.

**This is Important Because**... this survey is administered bi-annually to randomly selected middle and high school students. Used to capture behavior, it is the only valid source of youth behavior.

*Source: Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey (2006 - 2014)*

Note: Both Flagler and Volusia County rates have decreased each reported year over the reporting period.

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**Youth Use of Any Illicit Drug/Alcohol**  
**Youth Substance Abuse, Percent of Reported Use of Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol in Past 30 Days**

**This Indicator Measures**... the percent of self-reported use of any illicit drug or alcohol used by youth in the past 30 days of the survey date.

**This is Important Because**... this survey is administered bi-annually to a randomly selected group of middle and high school students. The survey is used to reflect behavior and is considered a valid data source.

*Source: Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey (2006 - 2014)*

Note: The percent has decreased noticeably in both Flagler County and Volusia County over the reported period.
Community Involvement

One of the success stories of the Community Agenda initiative is the many interested and helpful individuals and groups lending their commitment and attention to the Community Agenda Snapshot. The list below includes those organizations and individuals who participated by assisting staff in research and data collection and/or were instrumental in spreading the word about the initiative through media, businesses and other contacts. Thank you to all of you.

Arnold Anderson, Circuit 7 Department of Children & Families
Chet Bell, Stewart-Marchman-Act Behavioral Healthcare
Lois Berardi, Circuit 7 Department of Juvenile Justice
Thomas Bryant III, Florida Department of Health in Volusia County
Annette Christy, University of South Florida
Ivan Cosimi, Stewart-Marchman-Act Behavioral Healthcare
Julie Barrow, One Voice for Volusia
Carl Coalson, SEDNET
Dona DeMarsh Butler, County of Volusia
Circuit 7 Department of Children & Families
Circuit 7 Department of Juvenile Justice
Cheryl Fuller, Domestic Abuse Council
Mark Geallis, Halifax Urban Ministries
Bill Griffin, Halifax Health
Steven Holmes, Florida Department of Transportation
Joe Jaynes, Community Member
Dixie Morgese, Healthy Start Coalition of Flagler & Volusia
DJ Lebo, Early Learning Coalition of Flagler/Volusia
Early Learning Coalition of Flagler & Volusia
Flagler County Schools
Florida Department of Health in Flagler County
Florida Department of Health in Volusia County
Karin Flositz, Community Partnership for Children
Sheriff Ben Johnson, Volusia County Sheriff’s Office
Mark Jones, Community Partnership for Children
Lynn Kennedy, One Voice for Volusia
David Kerr, Circuit 7 Department of Juvenile Justice
Robin King, CareerSource Flagler Volusia
Clay LaRoche, Circuit 7 Department of Children & Families
Dianne Martin, Volusia County Schools
One Voice for Volusia Coalition
Jill Piazza, Florida Hospital Volusia/Flagler
Gloria Preston, Florida Health Care Plans
Teresa Rand, Volusia/Flagler Family YMCA
Ron Rondeau, Florida Department of Health in Volusia County
Ray Salazar, United Way of Volusia-Flagler Counties
Steve Sally, The House Next Door
SueAnne Sheedy, Circuit 7 Department of Children & Families
Dr. Bonnie Sorensen, Florida Department of Health in Volusia County
Bob Sterner, Seventh Judicial Circuit Court Administration
Joe Sullivan, Boys and Girls Clubs of Volusia & Flagler Counties
Ann Welsh, Bank of America
Loretta Wilary, United Way of Volusia-Flagler Counties
Volusia County Schools
Samuel A. Willett, Bank of America
Brandon Young, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University
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Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA)
Website: http://ahca.myflorida.com
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American Community Survey (see U.S. Census Bureau)

CareerSource Flagler Volusia
Website: http://www.careersourcefv.com
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Top 3 Fastest Growing Occupations ......................... 10

Domestic Abuse Council, Inc.
Website: http://www.domesticabusecouncil.com/
Domestic Abuse Emergency Shelters ....................... 28

Early Learning Coalition of Flagler & Volusia
Website: www.elcfv.org
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Family Life Center
Website: http://www.familylifecenterflagler.org/
Domestic Abuse Emergency Shelters ....................... 28

Florida Center for the Advancement of Child Welfare Practice
Website: www.centerforchildwelfare.org
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Florida CHARTS
Website: www.floridacharts.com
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Florida Department of Children and Families
Website: www.myflfamilies.com
Reports Website:
http://www.centerforchildwelfare.org/Datareports/TrendReports.shtml
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Florida Department of Education
Website: www.fldoe.org
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Florida Department of Elder Affairs
Website: http://elderaffairs.state.fl.us
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Florida Department of Health
Website: http://www.doh.state.fl.us
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Florida Department of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles
Website: www.flhsmv.gov
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Florida Department of Juvenile Justice
Website: www.djj.state.fl.us
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Florida Department of Law Enforcement
Website: www.fdle.state.fl.us
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Florida Department of Transportation
Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged
Website: http://www.dot.state.fl.us/ctd
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Florida Department of Transportation
Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged
Website: http://www.dot.state.fl.us/ctd
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Florida Office of Insurance Regulation
Website: http://www.flori.com
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Florida Office of Insurance Regulation
Website: http://www.flori.com
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Florida Research and Economic Information Database Application
Website: http://freida.labormarketinfo.com
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Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey
Website: http://www.myflfamilies.com/service-programs/substance-abuse/fysas/2014
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Youth Alcohol Use ....................................................... 44
Youth Use of Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol ....................... 44

Healthy Kids
Website: http://www.healthykids.org
Healthy Kids Enrollment ............................................. 22

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Website: http://www.healthykids.org
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Poverty in America
Website: livingwage.mit.edu
Living Hourly Wage ..................................................... 10

United Way of Volusia-Flagler Counties
Website: http://www.unitedway-vfc.org
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University of South Florida, Florida Mental Health Institute
Website: http://bakeract.fmhi.usf.edu/
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U. S. Census Bureau
Website: http://www.census.gov
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U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
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